

JOURNAL FOR THE BALLY HOME COMPUTER

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VOLUME III

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WHAT'S HAPPENING?

Fred Cornett

Yes, we've done it again, a double issue. Have no fear, your subscription is for a certain number of issues, not months!

The "Add-under" has hit some serious snags.
AstroVision had a contract with "Dave Nutting and Associates" to produce prototype units by the middle of March 81, which they subsequently pushed back to June 1981, in time for the CES in Chicago.

Stories regarding the why's and wherefore's abound, and this journal

is not attempting to find or fix blame, all we can do is try to put the stories in a semblance of order.

"Nutting and Associates" did indeed produce three "Add-under" units for the CES in Chicago. However, instead of being prototypes, they were really "UV1's" with low-resolution boards crammed into the add-under cases that Astro-Vision provided. After the show, "Nutting and Associates" dissasembled the three units, since they needed to return the parts to other projects.

Dave Nutting and Associates is composed of some of the most brilliant people in the Micro-Computer/Video Game industry. They are however, a subsidiary of Bally Manufacturing Corporation, and therefore

drain on their creative to the for prototyping an ad AstroVision. Hopefully, situation

Hmm.... Better name Better quality.... is chafing get the "A"

"EXPRESS" would run on time!!

Problems secontinue to the market problems second problems second



Bally to crank out new software and hard ware for their Penny Arcade games and gambling equipment. This tremendous drain on their creative time leaves little for prototyping an add-under for AstroVision. Hopefully, this "Catch-22" situation will be resol-

have a huge commitment to Midway and

situation will be resolved soon, as AstroVision is chafing at the bit to get the "Add-under" on the market.

Problems such as this continue to plague Astro-Vision in other areas as well! Cartridge shipment has been held up a long time waiting for a heat shrink wrap machine, the machine recently arrived only to find that E.F.

Johnson was out of instruction inserts. Hopefully cartridge shipment will resume soon!!!

Bally Home Computer unit shipments have been extremely sparce for three months. This situation has been created by a myriad of reasons; one of the suppliers of RF shielding drilled the holes on the wrong side of the shields; E.F. Johnson has been out of RF Modulators; parts were not being received for Hand Controls; Custom Chip supplies had run low, etc., etc., etc...

AstroVision is totally revamping their product stock procedures, and switching personnel around to maximize effeciency and ship great quantities of stock.

Dan Dawson, heretofor President of

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AstroVision has resigned, and the man replacing him has a materials control background, this change suggests a deep commitment to turning things around!

I do not find these problems terribly dismaying, as this type of thing seems to be the Micro-Computer industry standard. It would be very easy to compose a list of ten different successful companies with similiar stories, for instance, are you aware that Mattel has not been shipping Intellivision product for over four months? Also, Mattel's computor add-on is so inadequate and overpriced from the user standpoint, that none of the "hackers" in this country care if it is ever released!

I strongly feel that all of AstroVisions product delivery problems will be ironed out by the end of-August, and we'll find ourselves armpit deep in Bally products. I also believe the add-under will become a reality by January, and you will find in in retail stores then. The top level at AstroVision has gone through a distillation process, and what remains appears to be a management team!

Alternatives

If you've been dying to get your hands on a keyboard, more memory, and a new, more powerful BASIC language, BOY, do we have good news for you!!!

Our July 1981 issue will feature four new product reviews, two of which, are memory add-ons. The "VIPER" is a 16K add-on and the "BLUE RAM" a 4K add-on. The Viper also features a new 8K BASIC language with POINT, CIRCLE & SNAP commands, plus much, much more!!

For the first time, we will be reviewing a new ROM cartridge that plugs in the front of your Bally like a game cartridge, called the "MACHINE LANGUAGE MANAGER", which comes with a new keypad overlay card and a 60+ page manual. This product is aimed at the beginner as well as the knowledgable, and is tremendous!! This cartridge is not an AstroVision product, and will be available in July along with both add-on's.

We will also be reviewing a very excellent printer-the EPSON "MX-80", which works with the Bally.

All in all, our July 1981 issue is shaping up as the best issue ever! Don't miss it!! Please check the address portion of this journal for a "THIS IS YOUR LAST ISSUE" stamp.



It is sometimes difficult to ascertain the correct number of spaces with a PRINT statement. To facilitate ease of input, we are using the special character "" to designate a SPACE where ever confusion could exist.



by Gregg Cattanach

Long, long ago and once upon a time.... there lived a tribe on a lost island. The tribe and the island have both disappeared but they left a message for all mankind to live by. Key in this program, found by Gregg in a floating bottle, and read the message for yourself!

- 5 CLEAR ; NT=1; PRINT "HEE",
- 10 $\overline{a(1)} = 65; a(2) = 69; a(3) = 73; a(4) = 79; a(5) = 8$
- 11 a(6)=33;a(7)=46;a(8)=63;a(9)=44;a(10)= 45;a(11)=58;a(12)=59
- 20 FOR X=1TO RND (4)
- 30 TV=RND (26)+64
- 35 IF RND (3)=1G0T0 50
- 40 TV=a(RND (5))
- 50 NEXT X
- 60 IF RND (5)#1TV=32;GOTO 20
- 70 R=RND (7)+5;TV=a(R);IF R=10GOTO 20
- 75 IF R<9TV=32
- 80 TV=32; IF RND (3)=1IF R<9PRINT ; PRINT ; PRINT ; PRINT ;

90 GOTO 20



Man is still the best computer that we can put aboard a space-craft -- and the only one that can be mass-producted with unskilled labor.

-Wernher von Braun

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One of the least documented features of Bally Basic that I've seen is the :RUN command to input machine language programs from tape. Nowhere is the information on how it works to be found!! Being primarily a machine language type, I felt it was time to puzzle it our of the Bally Basic disassembly listing.

Basically, what the :RUN command does is open the tape input port and throw whatever characters come in into memory starting at address 4000 Hex (16384 Decimal), which is the first byte of screen RAM. As it loads, you can see it making tracks across the top of the screen. It continues to load bytes (by a happy coincidence an ASCII character with parity is 8 bits long) until an internal counter says stop, which it does after 128 bytes have been loaded. At this point, an immediate jump is executed to address 4000 Hex and the loaded program starts. Unfortunately it is 128 bytes, no more, no less, meaning shorter programs have to pad the ending with zeroes. Longer programs will have to incorporate the loader and direct the loading to another area in memory.

What the following program does is allow a machine language program, coded in Hexadecimal, to be input and stored on tape. Once stored, all you gotta do is: INPUT and run the tape. Your program starts by itself.

Standard Color Generator

The "Standard Color Generator" program listed following the :RUN Maker will display a series of color bars which can be used to set the colors on your TV set. When entering this example, <u>DO NOT</u> enter the addresses (i.e., 4000:). They are shown only for reference.

After you have keyed in the :RUN Maker, press RUN and GO, then fill in the HEX codes as stated in the "STANDARD COLOR GENERATOR" listing, IN ORDER, by pairs, followed by GO. If finished before 128 has been entered, key-in "xx" (mult. signs) to stop the input mode. For example, the "STANDARD COLOR GENERATOR" ends with pair #69. Zero-padding to #128 is done automatically by the program.

If you find a mistake too late to use the <u>ERASE</u> key, you can still recover by hitting the <u>HALT</u> key, then typing in the following:

FOR N=##TO 128;GOTO 20

where ## is the number of the offending byte (make sure you type this line in without a line number!!).

Notes....

A couple of notes: The ERASE key does work, but only on the current byte and looks a little funny in operation. Pressing the ERASE key will start the current byte over, placing it to the right of your original entry. Also do not be disturbed by what the Bally puts on the screen as it writes to the tape port... most of the HEX codes are not displayable as ASCII characters. The program works because the tape port gets data before the Bally Basic screen routines get a chance to change it all to "?".

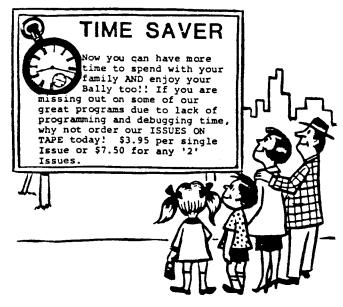
LAST NOTE: When running your machine language program (such as "STANDARD COLOR GENERATOR"), don't let the cursor drop so far as to cause the screen to scroll, as this will cause the program to scroll right out of memory as well. If your cursor is approaching the bottom of the screen, you can pull it up by keying in a "CY=Ø".

The machine language program can be stopped by typing :RETURN, and restarted by typing CALL 16384.

:RUN MAKER

- 3 CLEAR
- 5 FOR N=1TO 130; a(N)=0; NEXT N
- 10 PRINT "INPUT HEX CODE, EXX=STOP
- 15 FOR N=1TO 128
- 20 PRINT N,":",
- 25 A=KP;TV=A
- 27 B=KP; TV=B
- 30 IF B=31G0T0 20
- 35 C=KP;TV=C;IF C=31GOTO 20
- 36 IF C#13GOTO 200
- 40 IF (A=98)+(B=98)GOTO 100
- 50 C=A; GOSUB 250; IF F=0GOTO 200
- 55 A=Cx16
- 60 C=B;GOSUB 250;IF F=0GOTO 200
- 70 a(N) = A + C
- 80 NEXT N
- 100 PRINT ;PRINT "START RECORDING...HITE ANY KEY WHEN READY
- 110 A=KP

120	CLEAR ; N	NT=1;:	PRINT	;PRINT ".";PRINT		Ø 1	ØE	42	-LD BC,420EHBAR SIZE
125	PRINT "C	CLEAR				FF			.SYSTEM
	PRINT "C		:RUN			10			.SEFB RECTAN
	FOR N=1T	_				C1			.POP BC;GET COUNT
135	FOR A=1T	ro 10;	NEXT	Α		10	F3		.DJNZ HERE;LOOP
	TV=a(N)	•							BACK TILL B=0
	NEXT N					c3	90	24	JP 249CH; BACK
	CLEAR								TO BASIC
160	:RETURN	;PRIN	T "DO	NE	402C:	00	17		.COLOR TABLE
	STOP	•							COLOR, X POS'N
200	PRINT "E	ERROR				55	24		
210	GOTO 20					AA	33		
250	IF (C<48	3)+(c>	57)x((C<65)+(C>70)F=0;RE		FF	3F		
	TURN			•		00	4C		
255	F=1					55	57		
260	IF C<650	C=C-48	;RETL	JRN		AA	64		
270	C=C-55;F	RETURN	ĺ	•			71		
KE	Y-IN F	IEX !	PAI	RS	4 0 3c	AC			-GREEN
				COMMENTS		86 Ø7			.YELLOW
(REF	ONLY)	(KEY-I	(N)	(REF ONLY)		90			.WHITE .BLACK
/ 00	a	r7		N.T.		CD			.CYAN
400		F3		.DI		5A			.RED
		F F ØØ		SYSSUK		28			.MAGENTA
EM		ขย 17		.DEFB 00;MLTPL CALL .DEFB SETOUT		F9			.BLUE
1		17 Вб		.DEFB B6H; BLNK LINE		1 /			-5000
7 Yu	/ / \	13		.DEFB 13H; R/L BNDS	FRITORS	NOTF ·	Δf+	er vo	u have transferred
2 12		Ø8	: vour mac	EDITORS NOTE: After you have transferred your machine language program onto tape					
引 "人		19		.DEFB O8H; INT. MODE .DEFB COLSET; SET	using th	ne :RUN	Mak	er nr	rogram, to get the
24	13			COLORS	program	to load	th	e mac	hine language soft
M C		3C 4Ø		.DEFW 403CH; ADDRESS	·				y from tape, type
	$\forall V \vdash$			OF LIST					o not have to use
UZ.	ا الم	0 3		.DEFW EXIT; STOP					UN Maker program
7/1	Jan Jan	7		MULTI-CALL	placed a				
_ V L	المها	01 6E	48	.LD BC,486EH;WHITE			<u> </u>		
				BORDER					
		3E 55		.LD A,55H; COLOR #1					
	•	11 14	06	.LD DE,ØC14HXY POS					



FF

1 C

21 2C 4Ø

16 Ø9

Ø6 Ø8

C5

7E

23

5E

23

ITION

DEFB RECTAN

Y POSITION

OF BARS

TABLE

POINTER

LD HL,402C;LOAD TABLE ADDRESS

.LD D, Ø9H; BAR #1

.LD B, Ø8H; NUMBER

.LD A, (HL); GET COLOR FROM TABLE

.INC HL; UPDATE POINTER

.LD E, (HL); GET X POS'N FROM

.INC HL; UPDATE

PUSH BC; SAVE COUNT

SYSTEM



A treasure chest

of information, programs, helpful hints, tutorials, games, etc., await you!! The key to receiving this knowlege lies in getting our "BACK ISSUES". If you do not have all of our issues you are missing out on using your Bally to its greatest capacity. Order today.

We never print the same information twice

BACK ISSUES AVAILABLE

VOL. I Complete (6 issues - January 1980 thru July 1980) Contains: Electric Bill Analysis, Instructions for adding a Full-sized ASCII Keyborad; Peek n' Poke; Hex to Decimal Converter, Instructions for adding a printer, DMA Graphics, Product reviews, Byte Saving Hints, Galactibattle, Othello, 3-Voice Music, Floating point math, Camel, Wumpus, etc., etc.,

VOL. 2, Issue 1 (August) Contains: Cursor Inventory Control (Business Software); "Connect Four" (a professional quality game); software for the Computer Ear (Anderson Research)

VOL. 2, Issue 2 (September) Contains: ASTROVISION ACQUIRES BALLY - an Editoral; Spider Web (Graphics Program); Reverse (Game); Design (a Graphics Program); Match Quiz (an Educat-

ion Program); Note Match (an Education Program).

VOL. 2, Issue 3 (October) Contains: Peek n' Poke Tutorial;

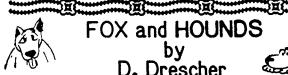
Critter - a Machine Language-Program that creates a nonbliking FAST moving character; Poor Mans Memory Expansion (a tutorial); Sideswipe (car driving game); We Three Kings of Orient Are (3-Voice Chord Music); Machine Language Graphics Tutorial.

VOL. 2, Issue 4 (Nov/Dec) Contains: "ZGRASS32" Add-Under info; New game cartridges; Programming Contest; Complete Bally Game Cartridge description; Chess program; Software reviews VOL. 2, Issue 5 (Jan/Feb) Contains: Winter CES News; Bio-Rythyms Compatability Analysis program; Towers of Hanoi game; Executive Time Card Calculator program; How to display all 256 colors on screen at the same time; 1's & 5's game pro-

gram; Line Resequence program. VOL. 2, Issue 6 (March) Contains: New Basic Cartridge - a review; Metric Converter program; Dirty Programming Tricks (Helpful Hints) and these programs: Morse Code Simulator; Hamurabi; Treasure Island

VOL. 3, Issue 1 (April) THE BASIC EXPRESS contains: Bally Unit Tume-up; ZGRASS Language (review by Tom Meeks); Darts (game); Beauty of the Loop (tutorial); Yahtzee (game); Diamond (graphics); Match (game); Sound Port Study (tutorial).

SEND: \$1.75 per back issues desired - or \$9.75 for Volume 1 complete and \$9.75 for Volume 2 complete to: THE BASIC EXPRESS, P.O. Box 266, North Hollywood, CA 91603. C.O.D. orders accepted on Complete Volumes only.



FOX and HOUNDS

D. Drescher



Fox and Hounds written by Dan Drescher of Esoterica Limited, is a checkers type game. You get 4 pieces located at the bottom of the board, and the Computer gets one piece at the top of the board. The game object is to box the Computer into a corner eliminating any further moves. You may only move forward on black squares. Computer may move backward. Computers object is to move into your bottom squares.

To move your pieces, position the small white Cursor (using Joystick) on piece to be moved and squeeze trigger, then position Cursor on new position and

squeeze trigger. Computer will not allow illegal moves.

See Esoterica's advertisment in this issue for a terrific new game called 'Wild catter", which allows you to become an oil baron managing whole oil fields and keeping one step ahead of the IRS man. You'll love it! (\$9.50 including Bomb Squad)

4 G=Ø

5 CLEAR ;NT=Ø

6 BC=79;M=Ø

7 I=RND (100); W=0

8 Q=RND (10)

9 CX=-40; CY=-39; PRINT "FOX AND THE HOUN DS

40 X=-32;Y=32

5¢ FOR A=1TO 32

60 BOX X,Y,8,8,1

70 IF A=1BOX X,Y,6,6,2

80 IF A>28+GBOX X,Y,6,6,2;BOX X,Y,4,4,1

90 IF X=16Y=Y-8;X=-40

100 IF X=24Y=Y-8; X=-48

105 X = X + 16

110 NEXT A

120 LINE -36,-28,4; LINE -36,36,1

125 X=-32;Y=32

130 LINE 28,36,1; LINE 28,-28,1

131 LINE -36,-28,1

140 P=-30; L=-27; J=0

150 BOX P,L,2,2,3

155 Q=RND (1Ø)

160 <u>IF</u> JX(1)<u>BOX</u> P,L,2,2,3;P=P+JX(1)x8;<u>BOX</u> P,L,2,2,3

165 IF JY(1)BOX P,L,2,2,3;L=L+JY(1)x8;BOX P,L,2,2,3

170 IF TR(1) IF PX(P, L+3) = ØIF PX(P-3, L+3) = 1G0T0 600

18Ø GOTO 16Ø

200 IF L = 3(1) + 8 IF TR (1) IF PX (P-2,L+3) = 160TO 65Ø

210 IF JX(1)BOX P,L,2,2,3;P=P+JX(1)x8;BOX P,L,2,2,3

220 IF JY(1)BOX P,L,2,2,3;L=L+JY(1)x8;BOX P,L,2,2,3

23ø GOTO 2øø

250 BOX 0,-37,160,10,2

251 CX=-75; CY=-39

252 W=W+1; IF W=2GOTO 2000

253 IF W>3IF W<9IF Q>5G0T0 2000+Q

254 <u>IF</u> W>7<u>IF</u> Y<-8<u>GOTO</u> 2020

366 IF PX(X-6,Y-8)=1IF M=10M=0;GOTO 4000

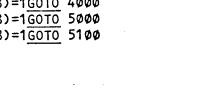
370 IF PX(X+5,Y-8)=1GOTO 2700

390 IF PX(X-6,Y-8)=1GOTO 4000

400 IF PX(X-6,Y+8)=1GOTO 5000

402 IF PX(X+5,Y+8)=1GOTO 5100

410 GOTO 500



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500 CLEAR ; PRINT, "LETS TRY THAT AGAIN, LUC KY"; G=G+1 510 FOR A=1TO 2000 520 NEXT A 530 GOTO 5 $600 \ BOX \ P-3,L+3,7,8,1;BOX \ P,L,2,2,3;a(1)=$ 610 GOTO 200 650 BOX P-2,L+3,6,6,2;BOX P-2,L+3,4,4,1 ;BOX .P,L,2,2,3;GOTO 250 1000 NT=3 1010 FOR A=1TO 16 1020 MU="3";BOX X,Y,6,6,3 1030 NEXT A 1040 NT=0; RETURN 2000 GOTO 2001 2001 PRINT "HI, MY NAME IS BALLY"; GOTO 2 2005 PRINT "HA HA HA HO"; GOTO 2100 2006 PRINT "THAT MOVE IS A JOKE"; GOTO 21 2007 PRINT "YOU ARE NEW AT THIS GAME";GO 2008 PRINT "OH GOOD! AN EASY OPPONENT"; G OTO 2100 2009 PRINT "OH BROTHER!"; GOTO 2100 2010 PRINT "DON'T MAKE IT TOO EASY!"; GOT 0 2100 2020 PRINT "WELL, YOU ARE FINISHED!";GOT 0 2100 2100 GOTO 366 $2700 \text{ IF PX}(X-6,Y-8)=\emptyset \text{IF PX}(X-3,Y-16)=\emptyset \text{IF}$ #PX(X+13,Y-16)=ØM=1Ø;GOTO 5ØØØ 2710 IF PX(X-6,Y-8)=0 IF PX(X-3,Y-16)=0 M=10;GOTO 5000 3000 GOSUB 1000 3030 BOX X,Y,8,8,1 $3\phi35 X=X+8;Y=Y-8$ 3040 BOX X,Y,6,6,2 3045 IF Y=-24RUN 3050 GOTO 140 4000 IF PX(X-3,Y-16)=0 IF PX(X-14,Y-16)=0GOTO 5100 4500 GOSUB 1000 4530 BOX X,Y,8,8,1 4535 X=X-8;Y=Y-84540 BOX X,Y,6,6,2 4545 IF Y=-24RUN 4550 GOTO 140 5000 IF Y=32GOTO 500 5005 IF X=-32GOTO 5100 5010 GOSUB 1000 5030 BOX X,Y,8,8,1 5035 X=X-8;Y=Y+8 5040 BOX X,Y,6,6,2 5050 GOTO 140

5110 IF Y=32GOTO 500 5120 IF X=24GOTO 5000 5130 BOX X,Y,8,8,1 5135 X=X+8;Y=Y+8 5140 BOX X,Y,6,6,2 5150 GOTO 140

◆○◆○◆○◆○◆○◆○ DON'T LOSE YOUR ?

PROGRAM.

because of poor quality audio tape not designed to be used with a computer.

IF you have wanted high quality, glitch free, computer digital tape cassettes but didn't want to pay the price (\$3.50 each or more)--- it's time for you to try "CUROSR" brand tape!!!!

WE give you "10" of the very best, highest quality, C-30
"Computer Digital Tape Cassettes" and we include the poly boxes for only \$15.99.

WHY take chances on losing your favorite program -- order a case of C-30 tapes today. Send us your check or money order (\$15.99) or call and we'll ship your order C.O.D.

CONNECT-THE-DOTS

Gregg Cattanach

The intent of this program originally written to improve the coordination and dexterity of our 5 year old son, Michael, and to fulfill his desires to draw on the T.V. screen using the Bally Arcade's number one hand control to its fullest extent, i.e. joystick, trigger, and knob.

Beginning with the INITIAL PROGRAM, first select the number of points needed to draw an outline of any desired object on the T.V. screen by rotating KN(1) until a number between 30 and 120 appears on the screen. Then press TR(1) to select the number of points desired. As a rule of thumb...

30 points: Number required for a simplé figure like the head of a horse; a good starting point to learn the game.

50-100 points: Range most often selected to draw objects of interest like a horse, airplane, etc.

300 points: Maximum number limited by string memory (approx.). Line 30 in the program limits # of points to 120, becaus the younger players loose interest beyond this point.

Next select the scale factor from 1 to 10 to determine how fast the "BLINKING CURSO moves as the joystick, JX(1)/JY(1), is moved. The lower the scale factor, the slower the "BLINKING CURSOR" moves which

5100 GOSUB 1000

means an object can be drawn in finer detail

THE CHALLANGE.....

By simultaneously pressing the trigger, TR(1), while moving the joystick, JX(1)/JY(1), dots will be placed on the screen to form an outline of the desired object, say a horse. This is the part of the game that requires good hand-eye coordination and dexterity, especially for younger children. It is very easy to move the "BLINKING CURSOR" to various positions on the screen, however, it is fairly difficult to place the desired series of dots in the sequence required to outline the object in mind! Herein lies the real challange of the game, to learn how to place a series of dots on the screen, some separated by spaces (by moving the joystick without continuously pressing the trigger) to form an interesting, imaginative figure!

AFTER THE POINTS..

When the selected number of points (P) has been reached by pulling the trigger P times, the program will automatically "connect-the-points" and draw the figure imagined by the child or adult.

Once the object has been drawn, the foreground color (FC) may easily be changed by turning the knob KN(1). Then by simply pulling the trigger TR(1), the screen will clear and the Bally will be ready to draw another object.

The "ENHANCED VERSION" of this program will cause the speed of the "BLINKING CURSOR" to vary depending upon the position of KN(1) when placing dots on the screen. Using this version, part of the object may be drawn with closely spaced dots, whereas the "body" outlined with dots spaced farther apart. This requires some practice and is recommended for an older age group, say 8 years and up!

- 9 NT=0;BC=240;X=0;Y=0;A=0
- 10 CLEAR ; FC=135 20 PRINT "#### OF POINTS (KN):
- 30 CY=40; CX=48; PRINT #1, (KN(1)+128) $\div 20x10$
- $40 \text{ IF TR}(1)P=(KN(1)+128) \div 20 \times 10$
- 50 GOTO 30
- 60 PRINT "BEREENSCALE (1-10):
- 70 CY=32;CX=48;PRINT #1,(KN(1)+128)+24
- 80 IF $TR(1)S=(KN(1)+128)\div24;GOTO$ 100
- 9Ø GOTO 7Ø
- 100 PRINT ; PRINT ; PRINT " EEEGET READY TO C ONNECT-BETHE-POINTS BY PRESSINGETR(1) WHILE MOVING JX(1) MEMBERS AND OR JY(1) ..

- 110 PRINT ; PRINT "BEEPRESS TR(1) TO START
- 120 BOX 0,-32,140,10,3
- 130 IF TR(1)G0T0150
- 140 GOTO 120
- 150 CLEAR
- 160 X=X+JX(1)xS
- 170 Y=Y+JY(1)xS
- 180 IF TR(1)=0BOX X,Y,1,1,3
- 190 BOX X,Y,1,1,2-TR(1)
- 200 IF TR(1)BOX X,Y,1,1,1;a(A)=X;a(A+P+1)= Y; A=A+1
- 210 IF A=P+1G0T0 230
- 22Ø GOTO 16Ø
- 230 CLEAR ;LINE @(0),@(P+1),2; FOR N=1TO P; LINE @(N),@(N+P+1),3;NEXT N
- $240 \text{ FC} = 4 + (\text{KN}(1) + 136) \div 8 \times 8$
- 25ø IF TR(1)GOTO 9
- 26¢ GOTO 24¢

ENHANCED PROGRAM.....

For the ENHANCED PROGRAM you will need to make a few changes to the INITIAL PROGRAM. YOU WILL NEED TO CHANGE THESE LINES:

- 40 IF TR(1)P=(KN(1)+128)+20x10;GOTO 60
- 60 PRINT "BERNESSES FACTOR: KN(1)
- 70 PRINT ; PRINT ; PRINT "BEEGET READY TO CONNECT-BETHE-POINTS BY PRESSING TR(1) WHILE MOVING JX(1) BERRESS AND/OR JY(1
- 80 PRINT ; PRINT "MMEPRESS TR(1) TO START
- 90 BOX 0,-32,140,10,3
- 100 IF TR(1)GOTO 120
- 110 GOTO 90
- 12Ø CLEAR
- $130 S = (KN(1) + 128) \div 24$
- 140 X=X+JX(1)XS
- $150 Y=Y+JY(1)\times S$
- 160 IF TR(1)=0BOX X,Y,1,1,3
- 170 BOX X,Y,1,1,2-TR(1)
- 18ø IF TR(1)BOX X,Y,1,1,1;@(A)=X;@(A+P+1) =Y;A=A+1
- 190 IF A=P+1GOTO 210
- 200 GOTO 130
- 210 CLEAR ;LINE @(0),@(P+1),2; FOR N=1TO P ;LINE @(N),@(N+P+1),3;NEXT N
- 22ø FC=4+(KN(1)+136) ÷8x8
- 23ø IF TR(1)GOTO 9
- 24ø GOTO 22ø

DELETE LINES 250 AND 260

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OLD GLORY

E. D. Groebe

THIS PROGRAM USES ONE OF THE MANY BALLY ROM SUBROUTINES TO DRAW A COLOR PICTURE OF THE AMERICAN FLAG. USE OF THE COLOR PORTS Ø TO 3, PLUS PORTS 9 & 10, WITH THE ON-BOARD SUBROUTINE, DEMONSTRATE SOME FEATURES WHICH YOU CAN USE FOR YOUR OWN PICTURE CONSTRUCTION.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

- 10 SET NOTE TIME & COLOR PORTS FOR MUSIC
- 20 SET COLOR PORTS FOR DRAWING
- 30-50 DRAW 7 RED STRIPES
- 60-70 DRAW BLUE FIELD
- 80-100 DRAW 5 ROWS OF 6 STARS EACH
- 110-130 DRAW 4 ROWS OF 5 STARS EACH
- 140-160 PRINT TITLE
- 170-195 MUSIC (STARS & STRIPES FOREVER)
- 200-250 COLOR SUBROUTINE (43)

- 10 NT=8;&(10)=0;&(9)=50;BC=122;GOSUB 170
- 20 NT=0;CLEAR;&(0)=7;&(1)=7;&(2)=122;&(3)=240;&(9)=0;&(10)=180
- 30 A=20200; W=7723; X=-22013
- 35 Y=17988
- 40 FOR G=0TO 1440STEP 240; GOSUB 200
- 50 NEXT G
- 60 W=3115; X=-235; G=0
- 70 GOSUB 200
- $80 \ W=299; X=-4095; Y=Y+80$
- 90 FOR G=0TO 640STEP 160
- 95 FOR K=ØTO 5; GOSUB 200

- 96 NEXT K
- 100 K=0; NEXT G
- 110 Y = Y + 81
- 120 FOR G=0TO 480STEP 160
- 125 FOR K=ØTO 4; GOSUB 200
- 126 NEXT K
- 130 K=0; NEXT G
- 140 CY=40; PRINT "#######OLD##GLORY######
- 16ø FOR Z=ØTO 5ØØØ; NEXT Z; RUN
- 170 PRINT "5000504330+23300000+2330+23503 4000200220+1220+124000003235006000200
- 18ø BC=7; PRINT "ØØX5ØX5ØX4X3X3Ø+X2X3X3ØØØ
 Ø+X2X3X3Ø+X2X3X4X3X27X2ØØØ
- 190 BC=240; PRINT "x10x10x107x1-x30x2x1x80 00x1x2x3x5x1x2x3x556x3x2000x1
- 195 BC=7; RETURN
- 200 %(A) = -43
- 210 %(A+2)=W
- 220 %(A+4)=X
- 230 %(A+6)=Y+G+2xK
- 24ø %(A+8)=-13871
- 250 CALL A; RETURN



PROGRAM EXPLANATION....

You are probably very familiar with the music portion of this program because it' covered in the BALLY instruction manual. However there are many things your BALLY can do which are not covered. One of them is the use of the on-board subroutines & the color ports. (ED. NOTE-- for more information refer to Peek n' Poke manual)

Line #10 includes &(10)=0 which will blan the screen so that none of the numbers show while the music plays. It lifts a curtain over the screen. After the music line #20 drops the curtain by setting &(10)=180. (you can try other values) Setting it to 200, for example, drops it low enough so you see the program clutter at the bottom.

Of perhaps even more interest is the use of the &(9) instruction. It is normally set at 50. However by setting it to 0 we open up the possibility of using the four color ports. This chart shows their setting for this program. The binary number of each port is important. As will be shown in Table #2, they determine part of a hex quad that is used to set the B register in the sub-routine.

COLOR PORTS:

&(\emptyset) : port (\emptyset) $\rightarrow \emptyset\emptyset$ (white=7) &(1) : port (1) $\rightarrow \emptyset$ 1 (white=7) &(2) : port (2) \rightarrow 10 (red=122)

 $\&(3) : port(3) \rightarrow 11 (blue=240)$

You may have noticed in other applications that the program clutter appears at the top of the screen when $\&(9)=\emptyset$. You have to be careful that your graphics don't overlap that program or you destroy it. So while you're developing the program set $\&(\emptyset)=1$ (gray)-and you'll see it. However for your final program set $\&(\emptyset)$ and &(1) equal to the same value and the clutter will disappear.

In this program line #35 sets the location of the top left corner of the flag. It's low enough to avoid overlap with the program. You can try shifting the flag position by changing the number in line #35. Remember the screen is 40 bytes wide, so increasing the value of Y by 10would shift it by & the screen width to the right. Like wise increasing Y by $4\emptyset$ would lower it one line of the 88 total lines.

STRIPES....

Now let's set up lines for drawing the 7 red stripes, each 3 lines high and 30 bytes wide, with the top left corner at 17988.



17988 10 10 10 10 18017

Each of the four pixtels of the byte are coded with the port binary number--in this case 10 for port 2.

The four binary numbers, in groups of two, ie. (1010) (1010), translate to AA in hex. You can refer to Table #1 to easily get this conversion. This red stripe must be repeated seven times with three lines between each. The loop in line #40 does it.

FIELD....

Similarly, the blue field is 2 lines high and 12 bytes wide. The binary color data for each byte is (1111) (1111) or FF in hex. Since it's drawn just once, no loop instruction is needed.

STARS....

To create the stars the next step is to ulletidentify one pixtel of a byte as white and

the rest blue.



Table #1 can be used to see that (1111) (1 100) translates to FC.

The starting position is down two lines from the top left corner. Since each lower adjacent byte is 40 more, two lines down is 17988+8Ø=18Ø68. This pattern needs to be repeated 6 times horizontally and 5

times vertically. The loops in line #9Ø and 95 do this and thus care for 30 of the 50 stars.

Twenty more have the same color coding (FC) but start one byte to the right (+1) and down four lines (+160) from the corner starting point. (17988+16Ø+1=18149) Line #120 and #125 repeat it 5 times per line for 4 lines.

7 111103.		TANLE VI						
r≠cimal	uex/Pinary	ue x	Decimal/ Mexidecimal Quad					
		z_	7(16)	z(16)2	z(16)1	2(16)		
ø	6686	- 6	1 6		3	₽		
1	9901	1	4#96	256	16	1		
2	9910	2	8192	512	32	2		
3 .	0011	3	12233	768	48)		
Ls.	6166	4	1126384	1924	64	L.		
5	6161	۶.	244A4	1280	89	5		
6	0116	6	24576	1536	96	6		
7	Ø 111	7	28672	1792	112	7		
8	1696	В	-32768	2648	128	8		
9	1661	9	-28672	2394	144	9		
1#	1010	Ā	1-24576	256\$	160	16		
11	1011	В	-264R#	2814	176	11		
12	11/4	С	-16384	3972	192	12		
13	11/1	מ	-12293	3328	2#8	13		
14	111#	ε	- 8192	3584	224	14		
15	1111	P	- 4806	3840	240	15		

WORKSHEET....

TA	PLE	#2

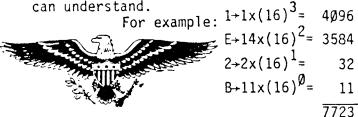
		Register						
Color Pattern	System	Sub- Routire	Pytes/ Line E	# of Lines D	Pattern Data B	Start Location HL		
	De^1#mal	43	70	3	-	17988		
Red	Her	28	18	₫3				
Str1pes	Hex Qued	1 E 2 B		· AAØ3		-		
	Decimal	772	3	-22	17988			
	D	43	12	21	-	17988		
Blue	H	28 #C 15 P7		PF	-			
Field	4 Q	00	29	PP15				
1910	D	111	5	-235		17988		
	D	43	1	1	-	16708		
Stars	μ	2.9	#1	øl	FC			
6/row	F Q	612P		PC#1				
0/F0¥	D		90	1	18968			
5/TOW	D .	2	99	-4\$95		18149		

All of this data for each color pattern can be entered in a work sheet to keep the decimal and hex numbers straight. See Table 2 which summarizes the data for each of the registers, and the appropriate starting point for each pattern. Look at Table 2 for the red color pattern data to see how the worksheet can help.

First we enter the decimal values. We want Sub-routine 43. Each stripe is 30 bytes wide, 3 lines high and the start location is 17988. Notice that we already know the hex values for the pattern, so we can skip entering any decimal values for register B. (convert decimal to hex: 43 becomes 2B, 3Ø becomes 1E,etc.)

Next we group the hex pairs in groups of four (hex quads), remembering to reverse the order; ie. 2B and 1E becomes 1E2B.

Now we use Table 1 to convert these hex quads to a decimal number that the BALLY can understand.



With these final decimal numbers available we can set up the program to call in the sub-routine. FFD5 (-43 in decimal) will fetch the sub-routine.

A value of -13871 will return from the sub-routine to the_place left in the original program.

To activate this, use the instruction CALL 20200 and a single red stripe will appear.

If you're wondering what happened, a review of the Peek n' Poke manual may help. This particular program uses variables W to Y in locations 210 to 230 so they can be used successively for each color pattern. It also conserves on memory and keeps a larger screen area clear for the picture.

Try your hand at the use of this color sub-routine for your own designs.

MANUALS+MANUALS

- 1. Bally On-Board ROM Sub-Routines. Explains the use of the onboard routines which allow you to perform such things as you find in the "Machine Language Programs" in Cursor. Includes ASCII Standard & Nonstandard Character Sets, Cassette Memory Structure; Output Ports; Input Ports; Bally Data Base Locations; Bally Memory Locations; and On-Board ROM 8K Hex Dump.
- 2. Hackers Manual. Describes features provided in the Tiny Basic but not documented in the Bally Instruction Booklet. (Additional Commands). \$3.99
- Disassembled Tiny Basic (CDOS Z80 Assembler Version 02.15)
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? Q WHAT-ZIT ? ? ? ? A SOFTWARE

WHAT-ZIT is a fun game using your powers of logic, reason and deduction. The object is to guess a number the computer picks, using clues from the screen. Two difficulty levels are provided. Level one allows the computer to choose a 4 digit number with no individual digit greater than 5 or less than 1. Level two again allows the computer to choose a 4 digit number, with no individual digit greater than 9 or less than 1. To choose a digit squeeze the trigger when the number you want lights up. Should you wish to keep any digits from a previous guess, squeeze your trigger when the blank square lights up. After you have entered your fourth number the computer will tell you: 1. How many of the digits are in the right place and are correct. 2. How many of the digits are correct but in the wrong place. 3. How many of the digits are wrong. Just to make it interesting the computer does all of this but does not tell you which number is which. Anytime you want to quit and find out what the computer's number is, squeeze your trigger when you see the "GIVE" sign. The number of tries you have made is always displayed in the lower right hand corner of the screen. At the end of the game, should you wish to play another, squeeze your trigger and a new game will begin.

- 5 <u>CLEAR</u>; NT=1; BC=80; FC=135; CX=-51; CY=8; <u>PRINT</u> "DIFFICULTY 1 OR 2"; CX=-21; <u>INPU</u> <u>T</u> "INPUT ?"T; IF T>2GOTO 5
- 10 IF T=1K=5;GOTO 25
- 20 K=9
- 25 CLEAR ; CY=22; CX=-58; PRINT "RIGHT THE TERM
 # WRONG"; CY=4; CX=-51; PRINT "RIGHT
 # WRONG PLACE"; CY=-16; CX=-59
- 30 PRINT "YOUR ############### TRIES"; CY=41; C X=-18; PRINT "LEVEL ",#1,T; FOR A=32TO -32STEP -8; CY=A; CX=75
- 32 PRINT "?"; MU=14; CY=A; CX=-75; PRINT "?"
 ; MU=14; NEXT A; FOR X=-63TO 63STEP 6; CX
 =X; CY=32; PRINT "?"; NEXT X
- 38 BOX -75,0,8,73,3;BOX 0,32,142,9,3;BOX 75,0,8,73,3;S=0;FOR A=1TO 16;a(A)=0;
 NEXT A
- 40 FOR B=1TO 4;a(B)=RND (K);NEXT B;XY=-5692;LINE 60,-23,3;XY=-8764;LINE 60,-35,3;A=-48;B=-54;BOX -60,-29,1,11,3
- 50 FOR Z=0TO 9;CY=-29;CX=B;PRINT #1,Z;L INE A,-24,4=XY;LINE A,-34,3;A=A+12;B =B=12;NEXT Z;BOX -54,-29,11,11,2
- 60 L=0;M=0;N=0;C=1;X=5;FOR Q=9TO 16;a(Q) =0;NEXT Q
- 65 GOSUB 18Ø
- 70 B=-54; FOR Z=0TO K; BOX B,-29,11,11,3; FOR A=1TO 30; IF TR(1)GOTO 90

- 80 NEXT A; BOX B,-29,11,11,3; B=B+12; NEXT Z; GOTO 70
- 90 CY=-6;CX=P;BOX B,-29,11,11,3;IF Z=0Z =a(X)
- 100 GOSUB 180; C=C+1; NT=1; PRINT #1,Z; MU=1 4; MU=16; MU=14; a(X)=Z; X=X+1; NT=0; IF C =5GOTO 120 -
- 110 FOR Q=1TO 100; NEXT Q; GOTO 65
- 120 S=S+1; FOR Y=1 TO 4; IF a(Y)=a(Y+4)L=L+1; a(Y+12)=1; a(Y+8)=1; IF L=4GOTO 150
- 130 NEXT Y; FOR Y=1TO 4; FOR U=5TO 8; IF a(U)=a(Y) IF a(U+4)=ØIF a(Y+12)=Øa(U+4) =1; a(Y+12)=1; M=M+1
- 140 NEXT U; NEXT Y; N=4-(L+M); CY=13; CX=-51; NT=1; PRINT "+",#1,L,#1,"+"," MARRIED +",#1,N,#1,"+"; NT=0
- 141 CY=-6; CX=48; PRINT #1,S," "; FOR Q=1TO 10; CY=22; CX=-14; PRINT "GIVE??"; BOX Ø ,22,39,8,2
- 145 IF TR(1)GOTO 15¢
- 147 $\frac{\overline{NEXT}}{60}$ Q; $\overline{NT=0}$; $\overline{FC=BC+4+RND}$ (32) x8; GOTO
- 150 BOX 0,14,142,28,2;CX=-17;CY=20;PRINT
 "MY # IS";FOR Q=1TO 4;CY=6;CX=-29+(
 Qx12);PRINT #1,a(Q);NEXT Q
- 155 <u>IF L=4&(21)=255; FOR Q=150TO 10STEP -</u>
 1;BC=FC;&(19)=Q;BC=80; <u>NEXT</u> Q;&(21)=0
 ;&(19)=0
- 160 IF TR(1)GOTO 10
- 170 GOTO 160
- 180 P=-74+(Cx12);BOX P-1,-6,11,11,3;BOX P-1,-6,9,9,3;RETURN

0000000000000000000000



Mike Peace of "WaveMakers" has outdone himself with his latest offering-Tape number 9, "PACK RAT" (\$10.95), P.O. Box 94801, Shaumburg, IL 60193.

For those of you familiar with the Penny Arcade game "PAC-MAN" this program is as close to the real thing as you can get in BASIC.

The screen is laid out in a maze type structure with dots spaced in equal intervals. Your object is to go through the maze and gather points by eating the dots until they are all cone. That seems easy enough, until the "PACK RAT" comes after you. The "PACK RAT" has only one object, and that is to eat you. On top of all this is a bonus square in the center of the board that is turned on at random intervals-to collect the bonus, you must reach the bonus square before you eat five additional dots and also before the "PACK RAT" eats you.

This is a tremendous game, incorporating fast action and great music (3 Voice). Mike includes two versions of this game on the same tape. The second version is written in the NEW AstroVision BASIC, which should be available sometime in August. The NEW BASIC version runs several times faster and is fantastic!! This tape is available now.

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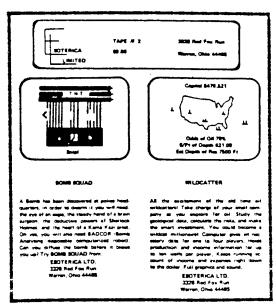


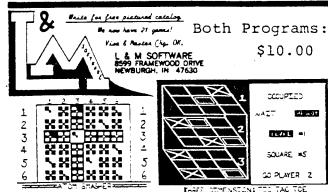
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