```
s = one space in a PRINT statement
                                                   NOTE: use command words (e.g., LINE) rather
  m = multiplication sign
                                                           than individual letters in PRINT
   d = division sign
                                                           statements whenever possible to save
   0 = zero ( the letter 0 is not used)
                                                          memory space.
                                                           This typed listing has some extra spaces
                     (C)1980 BY S L WALTERS
  MEMORY MAZE
                                                           included for easier reading (for
                                                          example, FOR N=1 TO 5 and IF S=7 S=1).
  1 .MAZE
                                                          Do not input any spaces which are not
                                                          needed unless specifically indicated
  2 GOTO 98
   3 PRINT "EASYss",; RETURN
                                                          by an "s" in the listing.
  4 NT=10; MU=M; MU=M; NT=40; MU=M; RETURN
  5 PRINT "MEDIUM",: RETURN
7 PRINT "HARDSS",; RETURN
  9 CX=-65; CY=-40; RETURN
 10 BOX 0,0,153,71,1; RETURN
 12 BOX 0,-40,159,7,2; RETURN
 14 NT=5; MU=RND(20)+50; NT=0; &(20)=129; RETURN
 16 FOR N=1 TO 300; NEXT N; RETURN
 17 FOR N=1 TO 2000; NEXT N; RETURN
 20 FOR N=0 TO 16
 22 FOR H=@(N=17) TO @(N); BOX Nm9-72, Hm9-36,9,9,3; GOSUB 14; NEXT H
 24 NEXT N; RETURN
 30 BOX Vm9-72, Wm9-36, 7, 7, 2
 32 CX=Xm9-71; CY=Ym9-36; PRINT "*",; RETURN
 34 BOX 0,Dd2m9-27,153,Dm9,2; RETURN
 41 PRINT "BUMP!"; RETURN
 42 PRINT "THUD!"; RETURN
 43 PRINT "OUCH!"; RETURN
 45 GOSUB 9; PRINT #1, "SCORE:s#1=",@(34),
 46 IF T=2 PRINT #1, "sss#2=,@(35),
 47 RETURN
 50 GOSUB 9; PRINT #1, "POINTS:s",S,"sssPEEK-TR",; RETURN
 58 X=0; Y=@(17); GOSUB 32; RETURN
 70 M=53; GOSUB 4; M=51; GOSUB 4; M=53; GOSUB 4; NT=20; MU=52; NT=60; MU=50; MU=50;
    MU=51; NT=80; MU=49; NT=0; RETURN
 80 Z=20; GOSUB 83
 81 Z=60; GOSUB 83
 82 NT=15; MU=54; MU=52; MU=54; NT=60; MU=56; NT=0; RETURN
 83 NT=Z; MU=53; NT=10; MU=53; MU=53; RETURN
 98 BOX -31,-32,99,7,2; IF TR(1)#1 GOTO 2
 99 CLEAR
100 CX=-31; PRINT "MEMORY MAZE"; GOSUB 10; D=7; GOSUB 900; GOSUB 20; GOSUB 58; GOSUB 32
140 GOSUB 9; PRINT "DIAL DIFFICULTY:s"
150 D=KN(1)d80m2+5; GOSUB D; IF TR(1)#1 GOTO 140
180 GOSUB 12; GOSUB 16
200 GOSUB 9; PRINT "NO. OF PLAYERS:s",
210 K=KN(1); T=1; IF K\gt0 T=2
220 PRINT #1,T,
230 IF TR(1)#1 GOTO 200
240 GOSUB 12; GOSUB 16; @(34)=0; @(35)=0; P=0
300 GOSUB 10; P=P+1; IF P>T P=1
310 GOSUB 9; PRINT #1, "#",P,"sSTUDY:s10",; GOSUB 900; GOSUB 20; GOSUB 58
370 FOR N=1 TO 1000; Z=Nd100; IF RM=0 CX=-5; CY=-40; PRINT #2, 10-Z,
376 NEXT N; GOSUB 12; GOSUB 34; S=9; GOSUB 50; GOSUB 32
400 V=X; W=Y; X=X+JX(P); IF X<0 X=0
414 IF X > 16 X=16
420 Y=Y+JY(P); IF Y<1 Y=1
424 IF Y>D Y=D
430 IF (Y < Q(X+17))+(Y > Q(X)) GOTO 700
440 GOSUB 30; IF X=16 GOTO 500
```

460 IF TR(P) GOTO 800

```
470 GOSUB 16; GOTO 400
500 GOSUB 12; GOSUB 9; IF S < 0 PRINT "YOU'RE LOST!",; GOSUB 70; GOTO 530
520 PRINT "YOU MADE IT!",; GOSUB 80
530 GOSUB 17; @(P+33)=@(P+33)+S; GOSUB 12; GOSUB 9; PRINT "INSTANT REPLAY",; GOSUB 10;
    GOSUB 20; GOSUB 32; GOSUB 17; GOSUB 12; GOSUB 9; GOSUB 45; GOSUB 17; GOSUB 12; GOTO 300
700 CX=CX-24; IF CX < -72 CX=-72
710 GOSUB RND(3)+40; BC=101; &(20)=10; GOSUB 14; X=V; Y=W; S=S-1; GOSUB 50; GOSUB 16;
    GOSUB 16; BC=133; IF S < 0 GOTO 500
750 GOSUB 34; GOSUB 32; GOTO 400
800 GOSUB 12; GOSUB 9; PRINT "TAKE A PEEK!",
820 S=S-3; IF S < 0 GOTO 500
830 GOSUB 10; GOSUB 20; GOSUB 32; GOSUB 17; GOSUB 34; GOSUB 32; GOSUB 50; GOTO 440
900 @(0)=RND(D); @(17)=@(0)
910 FOR N=1 TO 15 STEP 2; GOSUB 14; A=D-@(N-1)+1; @(N)=RND(A)+@(N-1)-1; B=@(N-1);
    Q(N+17)=RND(B); C=Q(N)-Q(N+17)+1
920 @(N+1)=RND(C)-1+@(N+17); @(N+18)=@(N+1); NEXT N; RETURN
```

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The program must be loaded to tape with the following proceedure to set certain variables required by the operating program:

:PRINT; TV=0; TV=7; PRINT; PRINT ".MEMORY MAZE"; PRINT ".(C)1980 BY S L WALTERS"; PRINT; LIST; PRINT; PRINT ".STANDBY FOR"; PRINT ":RETURN; :INPUT 8"

When the last part appears on the screen, stop the tape but do not rewind it. Then enter the following:

:PRINT; TV=0; TV=8; PRINT "&(9)=169; &(20)=129; BC=133; :RETURN; NT=0; RUN"

Start the tape on record again and push GO. When this is finished turn the tape off, and it is ready to be reloaded when needed.

The above can be done without clearing the program from the computer memory, so you can verify the results with :LIST before resetting the computer if you want to.

OPERATING THE PROGRAM

The program starts with selection of 1 or 2 players, and then the level of difficulty - EASY, MEDIUM or HARD. The maze shown while the difficulty level is being selected is a HARD maze.

Pull the trigger to start the game, and a new maze appears for you to study while the computer counts down from 10 to 0 (about 30 seconds). When this is done, the maze becomes invisible.

Try to move the marker through the maze without bumping into any walls. If you do, the program lets you know, and subtracts one point from you potential score.

If you get completely lost, and have at least 3 points left, you can pull the trigger and take a peek at the maze. It will cost you 3 points to do this.

If you bump into a wall when you have no points left (or try to take a peek with less than 3 points left) the computer will decide you are hopelessly lost and end the game.

An instant replay feature then shows you the maze and where you were in it, and shows you your total score for all games played. After a brief delay, the computer then proceeds automatically to the next game.